

Language Notes:

s ¾ = Äv : this
 <ž1>@qD : primary school days,lit. “when (I was) in (my) primary school ...”
 V= : my, humble form
 @• : an interjection, similar to wow!
 Ói Ä 5ÜD 2Šš : “You were cute!”
 -• : our; neutral form
 ¾Ö~ Äó” -: to work as a lawyer
 ¾Š~ ? : “Did you say ...?”
 7@k ÌŠ©D : “When (he) attended (his) university ...”
 ÄŠ© ÌP Šš : “I guess (he) had studied law.”
 Äv -žŸ‘ RÖž† Ì ^PqŠx : “My elder brother (had) studied very well, you see.”
 Ä ž : qualifying examination for intended lawyers
 V<1/4D -: to pass an examination
 7@q 3@¾D Ä ž V<1/4D ž† Ì „q : “He (had) passed the qualifying exam for lawyers when he was a third-year university student ...”
 ¾ÖE - : a law firm

5, 6¾ : ve or six years
 ¾ÖE - 1/4Ÿ 5, 6¾ ÌÜ Šx : “He worked for a law firm for 5 or 6 years, as I recall.”
 : perhaps
 †’w 5¾ : about ve years
 -ž’pV’ j ^†’w 5¾ 1/2 ŠšŠx : “It would have been about 5 years since he moved to Busan.”
 Šš : expression similar to “Oh, I see.”
 Äíà : politician
 Öq -: intend to be/become
 1/4 Šš’u : all the family members
 ÄŠ© -: to worry about ...
 Ä Äíà ^†’w Ä = Ä Äíà ^†’w Šš© : that my elder brother becomes a politician
 †’o 7 -: to oppose
 ÖG : especially
 Šš# ? : “Where?”
 Šš -: to have been a long time
 7ŠšŠš : from when (we) were young
 RÖ 1q -: to know them well,lit. to spend time with knowing each other well

2 Jobs and Professions I

| | | | |
|---------|------------|-----------|---------------------|
| Äíà | politician | Ä | business(wo)man |
| <Ö: | musician | È | artist |
| Ö; | writer | .q• | professor, lecturer |
| ž, =-ž | farmer | žž | postman |
| Ä.q B† | diplomat | ÄÖ %o(B†) | policeman |
| ¾Ö3~ | lawyer | ÖÄ | doctor |
| P’ j 3~ | nurse | Ö: | chemist |
| Šx | a cook | ^ëv | |

3 Jobs and Professions II

| | | | |
|---------|------------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| Áíà 𑄂 | sales assistant | • 𑄂 | of ce worker |
| [Q• 𑄂 | public servant | ^PÚT 𑄂 | bank clerk |
| È 𑄂 | company employee | Ž,,D | Buddhist monk |
| †@ | church minister | ¾-Ž | catholic priest |
| ... ½ - | become ... | (x «)tÁó,,q ìó | - be working as |
| 1½ - | get a job | ^P´n´ < - | quit, stop (working etc) |
| -Ž | rich person | Šq aë¥ À - | make a lot of money |
| P´k - | poor | Uá 7 | armed forces |
| UáV7 - | go into the army | UáC | (land) army |
| Bá | navy | Uá | air force |
| ¾ | | | |

6 Explaining How Situations Came about

To ask how a particular situation came about, we often ask

È 5 ... VST - 5p " 5* ?

This type of question 240(tyn851N0[(This)-240(type)-240(of)s03240(ofwh)-240(of1 4-250(S(ofpeoplest

8 Some Sentences

1. $\hat{A} \# \hat{E} \frac{3}{2}$?

2. $\hat{T} \# \hat{S} \circ \hat{D} \hat{T} \hat{r} \frac{1}{2} \frac{3}{4} \hat{p} \hat{q} \hat{E} \hat{S} \hat{D} \hat{S}$?

3. $\hat{X} < \hat{T} \hat{e} \hat{A}; \hat{A} \hat{S} \hat{D} \hat{S} <$