



Coastal Management Hotspots in WA

Timothy Stead, Coastal Scientist – Department of Transport (DoT)



X





The Coastal Management group

- 5 coastal engineers & scientists
- Acquire, analyse, maintain and present data relating to the coastal zone
- Provide expertise and advice on coastal management matters and coastal zone/project planning
- Developed idea of Coastal Management Hotspots alongside Department of Planning (DoP) to scope management needs

Management Note: Western Australia does not have special purpose coastal protection legislation to assign responsibility for coastal management to a particular agency or Minister. Common Law is often applied to assign responsibility.





8 28

Coastal management hotspots

So what defines a hotspot?

- 30 locations identified from local government management queries/ historical requests for funding
- Sites briefly assessed for vulnerability and asset risk
- Locations with both high vulnerability to hazards and a high value of assets were considered a "hotspot".

X



ACCARNSI

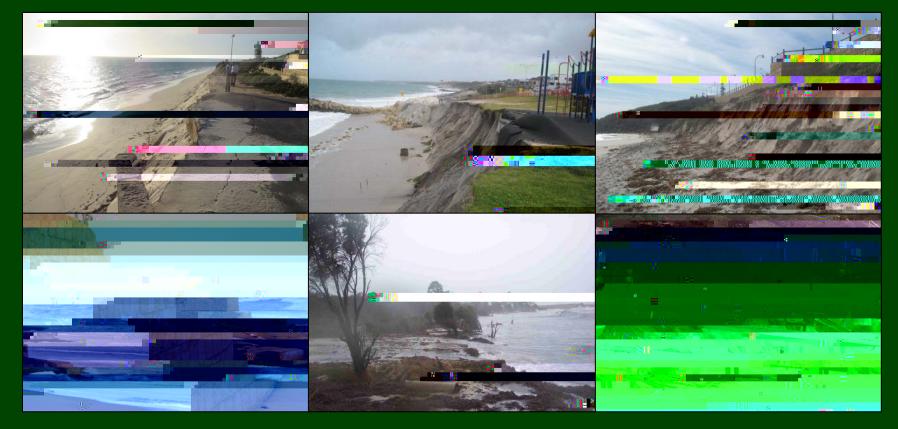
A closer look

Seabird

Quinns

Watermans Bay

8 (S S



Binningup

Geographe Bay

Margaret River



ACCARNSI

8 98

- Cart

» **00**

X



ACCARNSI

Assessment by Seashore (2016) with DoP

Preliminary Analysis of 30 hotspots to assess assets at risk, erosion hazards, site prioritisation, management pathways, and knowledge gaps



Projected Cost Estimates
\$40-100M in 5 yrs
\$150-450M in 25 yrs

More assets become threatened over time...

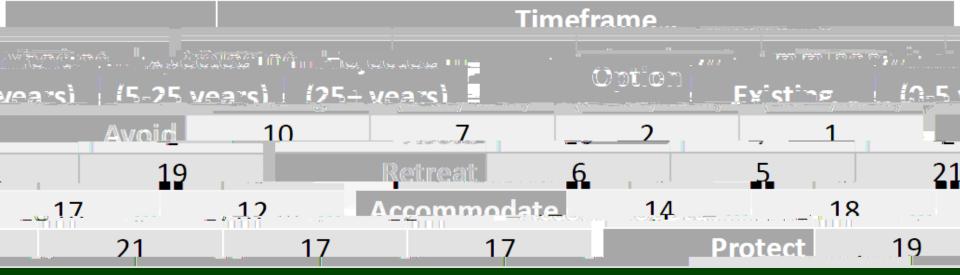


ACCARNSI

CHRMAP process is needed for hotspots

Coastal Hazard Risk Management and Adaptation Planning (CHRMAP)

- Only general assets at risk were identified
- Communication strategies required
- Identify which stage each hotspot is at within the CHRMAP process



Note: each hotspot may require more than one type of adaptation strategy

ACCARNSI

Two Rocks Hotspot

Classic marina example: accretion on one side, erosion on the other

• 1 of 10 Perth hotspots

Erosio

N SIKSUKUA

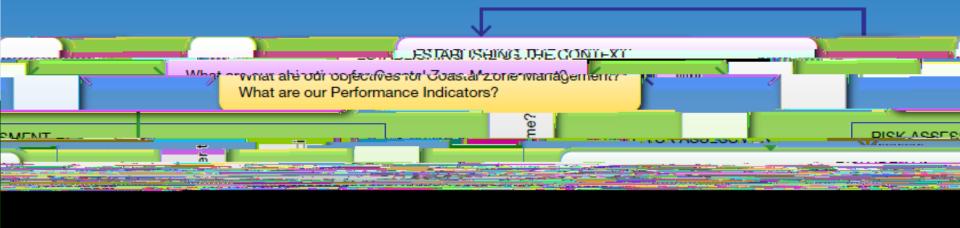
Accretion

- Houses and road threatened
- Good range of metocean data, lack of geophysical data
- Need to understand vulnerability before assessing risk and adaptation pathways

8



Potential rocky ridge between beach and infrastructrNk6(r)- rNk6(r)8m-36M7o.







*

Coastal management considerations:

- Community desires
- Policy framework
- Limited data and management expertise
- <u>Funding</u>



What next?

Staged approach to hotspot planning/management

- Coastal Management Advisory Group
- Expand original list to >30 hotspots
- Collaboration between experienced WA researchers, managers, and government with DoP

8 28

ACCARNSI

- Focus on data collection and knowledge gaps
- Education and guidance
- (Long-term) CHRMAP creation and implementation