

Bachelor of Commerce/ Education (Secondary) 3462

Progression Plan for 2018 Commencing Students

Terminology	Definition
Program compulsory core & flexible core courses	<p>48UOC of compulsory and flexible core courses which students must complete under this degree.</p> <p>Maximum level one limit for the Commerce component is 60UOC.</p>
Commerce Major	<p>Students enrolled in a Bachelor of Commerce Bachelor of Education (Secondary) dual degree need to choose one major from: (a) Business Economics, (b) Financial Economics, (c) Business Strategy and Economic Management, and (d) Accounting.</p> <p>Students who intend to qualify as a secondary school teacher in business studies and economics AND also wish to gain associate membership of CPA Australia, or wish to enter the Chartered Accountants Program of Chartered Accountants Australia and New Zealand, are permitted to complete a major in Accounting instead of Business Economics, Business Strategy and Economic Management or Financial Economics. THESE STUDENTS WILL NEED TO COMPLETE THE COURSE REQUIREMENTS OF CPA AUSTRALIA OR CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND (please refer to the CPA or CA websites, noted below, for the requirements of the two bodies) AND ADDITIONALLY COMPLETE TWO 6 UOC ECONOMICS COURSES AT LEVEL 2 OR ABOVE. ONE LEVEL 2 ECONOMICS COURSE MAY BE TAKEN AS THE COMMERCE ELECTIVE, WHILE THE SECOND LEVEL 2 ECONOMICS COURSE MAY NEED TO BE TAKEN ON A NON-AWARD BASIS.</p>
UNSW Business School Elective	<p>One or more of the courses in each of these majors are also core courses (Compulsory or Flexible core) for the program. This means that students will need to ensure they complete all courses for the major outside of the Core, PLUS additional Business courses to ensure they fulfil the 96 UOC required for the Bachelor of Commerce component of the dual degree.</p> <p>GEN courses cannot count as Business School Electives.</p>

Table A. Commerce major: _____

Compulsory core courses

Flexible C

Example 1.

