

School of Education

EDST6734 EAL/D Method 2

Term 2, 2019

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4.	RATIONALE FOR THE INCLUSION OF CONT4CLUSION29)-14(LS))T2-4(FOR Qg0.	871 0N)5(2 9 1

STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES

Outcome	
1	Identify essential elements of the NESA EAL/D Stage 6 Syllabus, and strategies to
ı	support students as they transition between stages
	Use strong knowledge of subject content to plan and evaluate coherent, goal-oriented
2	and challenging lessons, lesson sequences and teaching programs which will engage
	all students
3	Set achievable learning outcomes to match content, teaching strategies, resources and
3	different types of assessment for a unit of work in EAL/D
4	Provide clear directions to

5.5.1	Report on student achievement
6.3.1	Seek and apply constructive feedback from supervisors and teachers to improve teaching practices.
7.1.1	Understand and apply the key principles described in codes of ethics and conduct for the teaching profession

NATIONAL PRIORITY AREA ELABORATIONS

Priority area

6. COURSE CONTENT AND STRUCTURE

Module	Lecture Topic	Tutorial Topic
1 (24 hours eq. lecture/ tutorial time)	 On-line assessment module Introduction to the concept and principles of effective assessment practices and their applications to learning and teaching Focus is on building assessment knowledge and the skills required to plan, develop and implement a range of assessment strategies, to engage in moderation activities to ensure fair and consistent judgment of student learning, to analyse assessment data to inform future learning and teaching, and to develop reports for various stakeholders. 	 Critically describe the role of assessment in ensuring effective learning and teaching; evaluate the appropriateness of various assessment strategies in ensuring effective learning and teaching apply assessment knowledge and skills in developing effective learning,

7. RESOURCES

Required Readings

Gibbons, P. (2009), English Learners Academic Literacy and Thinking in the Challenge Zone, Heinemann.

ESL Scales (1994) Curriculum Corporation, 1994

8. ASSESSMENT

Assessment Task	Length	Weight	Student Learning Outcomes Assessed	Program Learning Outcomes Assessed	National Priority Area Elaborations	Due Date
Assessment 1 Scope and sequence and one assessment task for one term: Preliminary	2,000 words equivalent	40%	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	1.3.1, 1.5.1, 2.1.1, 2.2.1, 2.3.1	'	

Assessment Details

Assessment 1 (2000 wd eq, 40%)

PART 1: Create a scope and sequence, including learning outcomes, covering 10 weeks for a Year 11 preliminary class.

PART 2: Prepare an assessment task (not an essay) that directly links to the teaching and learning nd sequence must indicate when the task will occur and how the feedback form the summative task can also be used for formative assessment. Make sure your instructions for the task are grammatically correct and communicate effectively for students.

Design a marking rubric, which also includes space for a holistic comment.

Provide an exemplar student answer for the assessment task. Write a feedback comment for this response outlining its strengths and indicating at least <u>one</u> aspect which could be further improved.

Assessment 2 (3000 wd eq, 60%)

Prepare a unit of work for Year 12 which covers approximately half the term. You need to ensure the unit demonstrates you are ready to plan and teach Stage 6 effectively. Make sure you have reflected on the feedback you received for the scope and sequence you prepared for Assessment 1.

The unit of work should indicate a variety of formative assessment strategies which will provide students with feedback about:

a. what they can already do well

HURDLE REQUIREMENT

FEEDBACK AND REPORTING

Assessment is the process of gathering evidence from a variety of sources about learning outcomes and being able to use that information to improve learning and teaching. Evidence includes not only individual student work samples and test results, but also more global data derived from standardized tests (e.g. NAPLAN, ICAS, HSC etc) as well as more qualitative information generated from student self and peer evaluations, and student-parent conferences.

Feedback is a structured interaction with the student about their current learning: where they are, where they want and /or need to be and how to get there. It may be in oral or written form and may be given -assessment. Feedback needs to indicate

learning that has been demonstrated (achieved) as well as what needs more work. For the feedback to also feed forward, comments need to provide students with strategies to guide their improvement. Feedback /reporting to and for parents is also important as they are critical stakeholders and partners

Moderation is a process used by teachers to compare their judgements about student performance so that assessment is trustworthy. Teachers work together as a group to ensure that the way they use assessment grades is consistent with agreed or published standards. For A to E grades this means the grade a student receives in one school can be fairly compared to the same grade anywhere in NSW. For school-based tasks, it means the work of students in different classes can be assessed using the same success criteria to evaluate progress toward learning outcomes.

View some work samples that teachers in your subject area have aligned to grades A to E at NESA or <u>ACARA</u> workshops.

It is recommended that students read widely on how to design appropriate assessment tasks, how moderate student samples of work and how to provide effective feedback. Tutorial time will be allocated to discussing this aspect of professional competence and providing experience with the moderation and feedback process

The assessment process consists of two components.

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this student work is in relation to those overall expectations/standards as well in relation to their previous performance

provide written feedback for the student which indicates strengths and areas for improvement in relation to this work sample as well as their past performance and overall expectations/standards. Suggest a strategy that will guide the student in his/her learning. (If the task was used summatively you can still use it for formative purposes.)

indicate what the implications of your evaluation might be for the teacher in terms of future teaching.

2. Write a few lines that could be included in a mid-year report comment to parents. Provide enough detail to indicate to parents,

UNSW SCHOOL OF EDUCATION FEEDBACK SHEET EDST6734 EAL/D METHOD

Student Name: Student No.:

Assessment Task 1: Scope and Sequence with Assessment Task for one term (preliminary)

SPECIFIC CRITERIA	(-) —	(-) ——— > (+)		
Understanding of the question or issue and the key concepts involved				
 Understands the task and its relationship to relevant areas of theory, research and practice Uses syllabus documents and terminology clearly and accurately 				
Sequences tasks and activities to suit logical learning progression				
 Integrates assessment task logically with learning intentions and learning sequence 				
Provides effective formative feedback for student sample				

Depth of analysis in response to the task

- Includes key syllabus content to allow demonstration of appropriate selection of outcomes for Preliminary56
- Demonstrates understanding of the NSW Quality Teaching framework, the School Excellence Framework

UNSW SCHOOL OF EDUCATION FEEDBACK SHEET EDST6734 EAL/D METHOD

Student Name: Student No.:

Assessment Task 2: Planning a unit of work including formative assessment strategies

SPECIFIC CRITERIA	(-) —		>	+ (+)
Understanding of the question or issue and the key concepts involved				
 Demonstrates knowledge of selected Stage 6 course and syllabus outcomes Sequences tasks and activities to suit logical learning progression and meet selected outcomes for Year 12 Integrates formative assessment strategies throughout the unit of work 				

Depth of evidence in response to the task

• Demonstrates understanding of academic and cultural diversity

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Assessment, Feedback and Reporting

STUDENT TEACHER		
Name:	zID:	Date: